# **Design and Technology Department Intent Plan (Draft)**

The Joseph Whitaker Design and Technology Department aims for its students:

- Inspire and develop pupil's imagination to design and make products/prototypes that draw on a repertoire of knowledge, understanding and skills in orders to solve real and relevant problems within a variety of different contexts and users.
- To develop a sound understanding of materials and processes.
- Enable pupils to understand the needs, wants and values of different users and taking this into consideration when designing and making products/prototypes.
- Apply a broad range of knowledge and skills learn in other subject areas such as mathematics, science, engineering, computing and art.
- Develop an understanding of the world around us through the evaluation of past and present design and technology, including the impact this has on our daily lives.
- Prepare students to take risks, become resourceful and innovative through the development of creative, technical and practical skills needed to perform everyday tasks and become capable citizens. (Problem solving/ Time management/ Team work/ Meeting deadlines)
- Pupils must be able to critique, evaluate and test their ideas and products and the work of others to inform design decisions.
- To enable students to develop their cultural capital through self-reflection, independence, creativity, learning to design for others and having an awareness of local connections.

	<b>Designing</b> : Understanding contexts, users and purposes. Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas.	Making: Planning. Practical skills and Techniques.	<b>Evaluating:</b> Own ideas and products, existing prokey events and individuals.	<b>Technical Knowledge:</b> Being able to make produwork.
National Curriculum Links	<ul> <li>Work confidently within a range of relevant domestic, local and industrial contexts: (Home, health, leisure, culture, engineering, manufacturing, constructions, food, energy, agriculture and fashion.</li> <li>Use research and exploration, such as the study of different cultures, to identify and understand user needs</li> <li>Identify and solve their own design problems and understand how to reformulate problems given to them</li> <li>Develop specifications to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that respond to needs in a variety of situations</li> <li>Use a variety of approaches [for example, biomimicry and user-centred design] to generate creative ideas and avoid stereotypical responses</li> <li>Develop and communicate design ideas using annotated sketches, detailed plans, 3-D and mathematical modelling, oral and digital presentations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Select from and use specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment and machinery precisely, including computer-aided manufacture</li> <li>Select from and use a wider, more complex range of materials, components and ingredients, considering their properties.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Analyse the work of past and present professionals and others to develop and broaden their understanding</li> <li>Investigate new and emerging technologies</li> <li>Test, evaluate and refine their ideas and products against a specification, taking into account the views of intended users and other interested groups</li> <li>Understand developments in design and technology, its impact on individuals, society and the environment, and the responsibilities of designers, engineers and technologists</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understand and use the properties of materials and the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions</li> <li>Understand how more advanced mechanical systems used in their products enable changes in movement and force</li> <li>Understand how more advanced electrical and electronic systems can be powered and used in their products [for example, circuits with heat, light, sound and movement as inputs and outputs]</li> <li>Apply computing and use electronics to embed intelligence in products that respond to inputs [for example, sensors] and control outputs [for example, actuators] using programmable components [for example, microcontrollers]</li> </ul>

Links to	AO1 - Identify, investigate and outline design	AO2 - Make prototypes that are fit for	AO3 – Analyse and Evaluate	3.2.1 Selection of materials and
GCSE	possibilities.	purpose.	3.3.6 Know and understand how to	components considering their:
	AO2 - Design prototypes that are fit for	<b>3.3.6</b> Prototype Development: design and	evaluate prototypes to critically reflect	Functionality, aesthetics, environmental
	purpose.	develop prototypes in response to client	and inform modifications and fitness for	factors, availability, cost, social factors,
	<b>3.3.1</b> Investigation, primary and secondary	wants and needs.	purpose.	cultural factors, ethical factors.
	data; being able to write a design brief and	<b>3.3.8</b> Tolerances: SI units showing accurate		<b>3.2.5</b> Using and working with materials:
	design/manufacturing specification. Carry out	use of appropriate tolerances +/- 2mm,		know and understand how different
	investigations in order to investigate	resistor tolerance and seam allowance		properties of materials and components
	problems and needs. Use primary and	<b>3.3.9</b> Material management: to understand		are used in products, how properties
	secondary data to understand client/user	how to cut materials efficiently to reduce		influence use and how properties affect
	needs.	waste and to use appropriate marking out		performance.
	<b>3.3.2</b> Environmental, social and economic	methods, coordinates and data points.		<b>3.3.7</b> Selection of materials and
	challenges that influence design and make	<b>3.3.10</b> How to use specialist tools and		components; select and use materials
	decisions; global warming, deforestation and	equipment, including hand tools, machinery,		and components appropriate to the task
	fair trade.	digital design and manufacture, appropriate		considering functional need, cost and
	<b>3.3.3</b> The work of others.	for the material and/or task to complete		availability.
	<b>3.3.4</b> Design strategies: generate imaginative	quality outcomes. How to use them safely to		,
	and creative design ideas using a range of	protect themselves and others from harm.		Links to Maths:
	different design strategies to explore and	<b>3.3.11</b> Specialist techniques and processes:		-Recognise and use expressions in
	develop their own ideas.	understand how to select and use specialist		decimal and standard form: Calculation
	<b>3.3.5</b> Communication of design ideas:	techniques and processes appropriate for		of quantities of materials, costs and
	develop, communicate, record and justify	the material and/or task and use them to the		sizes.
	design ideas using a range of appropriate	required level of accuracy in order to		Use ratios, fractions and percentages:
	techniques.	complete quality outcomes. How to use		Scaling drawings, analysing responses to
		them safely to shape, fabricate and construct		user questionnaires.
		a high-quality prototype, including		Calculate surface area and volume:
		techniques such as wastage, addition,		Determining quantities of materials.
		deforming and reforming.		-Handling data:
		<b>3.3.11</b> Surface treatments and finishes.		Presentation of data, diagrams, bar
				charts and histograms.
				-Graphs
				-Geometry and Trigonometry.
				Links to Science
				Links to Science:
				Use scientific vocabulary, terminology
A 1 -: 1	AGG Interaction to the Contraction of the Contracti	403 Malia makahan 11 1 6 6	<b>A03</b> Analysis and a 1 .	and definitions
A Level	AO1 – Identify, investigate and outline design	AO2 – Make prototypes that are fir for	AO3 – Analyse and evaluate:	AO4 – Demonstrate and apply
Links	possibilities to address needs and wants.	purpose.	Design decisions and outcomes,	knowledge and understanding of
	AO2 – Design prototypes that are fit for		including for prototypes made by	technical principles and design and
	purpose.		themselves and others.	making principles.
			Wider issues in design and technology.	

#### Rationale for Year 7

## Design:

- To develop detailed specifications to guide their thinking.
- Use research including the study of different cultures, to identify and understand user needs.
- Work within a range of different contexts.
- Begin to identify and solve their own design problems.
- Use 2D and 3D CAD to model their design ideas.
- Produce models of their ideas (could be CAM) to test out their ideas.
- Introduction to a variety of different approaches to avoid stereotypical design ideas and begin to take creative risk.
- Begin to develop a range of communication techniques (drawing skills and rendering), including annotated sketches.
- Begin to identify suitable materials and manufacturing methods for their designs.

#### Make:

- Begin to select and use appropriate specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment, and machinery, including CAM and handcraft.
- Use a range of materials and components with some understanding of their properties.
- Make use of specialist equipment to mark out materials.
- Understand a range of material joining techniques.
- Develop skills in modifying the appearance of materials.
- Produce 3D models to communicate design ideas.
- Understand and follow relevant H&S
- Use CAD/CAM to manufacture products with some understanding of levels of production and quality.

#### **Evaluate:**

 Evaluate their product against their original specification and identify ways of improving them.

# Rationale for Year 8

### Design:

- Work within a range of different contexts.
- Develop detailed specifications to guide their thinking and respond to a variety of situations.
- Develop design specifications that include a wider range of requirements such as environmental, aesthetic, quality, and safety.
- Use primary and secondary data to inform design brief/specification.
- Begin to identify and solve their own design problems.
- Use 2D and 3D CAD to mode and develop their design ideas.
- Develop skills using a variety of different approaches to avoid stereotypical design ideas and take creative risk.
- Identify which design criteria clash and which should take priority.
- Developing a broader range of communication techniques (drawing skills and rendering), including annotated sketches demonstrating a higher level of quality and skill.
- Use mathematical modelling to test ideas, material performance and components prior to manufacture.
- Give oral and digital presentations.

#### Make:

- Select and use appropriate specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment, and machinery, including CAM.
- Select and apply specialist equipment to mark out materials.
- Understand and apply a broader range of material joining techniques.
- Investigate and develop skills in modifying the appearance of materials.
- Produce 3D models to communicate and develop design ideas.
- Begin to select suitable materials with some consideration of their fitness for purpose

# Rationale for Year 9 Design:

- Work within a range of different contexts.
- Develop design specifications that include a wider range of requirements such as environmental, aesthetic, cost, maintenance, quality, and safety.
- Research into the health and wellbeing, cultural, religious, and socio-economic contexts of their intended users.
- Understand how to reformulate design problems given to them and take creative risks.
- Use 3D CAD to model, develop and present their ideas.
- Use CAD ad related software packages to validate their designs in advance of manufacture.
- Developing and demonstrate a broad range of communication techniques (drawing skills and rendering), including annotated sketches showing a higher level of quality and skill.
- Use mathematical modelling to test ideas, material performance and components prior to manufacture.
- Consider ergonomics and anthropometric factors to inform design decisions.
- Apply a variety of approaches when developing design ideas to avoid stereotypical responses.

#### Make:

- Match and select appropriate materials with consideration to their fitness for purpose.
- Recognise when it is necessary to develop new skills or techniques.
- Adapt their methods of manufacture to changing circumstances.
- Select and apply specialist tools, techniques, processes, equipment, and machinery (including CAM)
- Use a broader range, more complex materials and components taking into consideration their working properties.
- Produce their own planning charts / production schedules (Gantt chart) to show manufacture.
- Follow all H&S procedures and understand the process of a risk assessment.

- Actively involve others in the testing of their products.
- Identify some ways in which products have a positive and negative impact on the world around us.
- A basic awareness of existing products and the impact the have on the wider world.
- Introduction to some design movements and key designers.

## **Technical Knowledge:**

- Use learning from mathematics and science to develop working prototypes.
- Understand how to classify materials by structure.
- Begin to understand the physical properties of materials.
- How to use simple electronic circuits understanding inputs and outputs, including basic electronic components.
- Apply computing and electronics to program basic controllers.
- Control outputs such as actuators and motors.
- How to make use of microcontrollers in products.
- Begin to use appropriate technical language.

Use CAD/CAM to produce products and apply surface finishing techniques

#### **Evaluate:**

- Evaluate their product against their original specification and identify ways of improving them.
- Apply user/ feedback from others to help inform design decisions.
- Analyse products through disassembly to determine how they are constructed and function.
- Introduction to life cycle analysis 'cradle to grave'.
- Develop a broader knowledge on design movements, designers, technologists, and manufacturers and use these to inform their own design and making decisions.

## Technical Knowledge:

- Develop a deeper understanding of the physical properties of materials.
- How to selects and modify patterns and use in textile construction.
- Use learning from mathematics and science to develop working prototypes.
- Understand how to classify materials by structure.
- Develop a deeper understanding of the physical properties of a broader range of materials.
- Begin to understand the performance and structural elements of their design and materials to achieve functioning solutions.
- Understand how mechanical systems used in their products enables changes in movement and force.
- Demonstrate a deeper understanding of technical language.
- Use software and hardware to develop programmes and transfer these to programmable components.

- Use confidently a broad range of manufacturing techniques, including handcraft and CAD/ CAM.
- Apply confidently a broad range of finishing techniques to a variety of different materials.

#### Evaluate:

- Select appropriate methods to evaluate their products in use and modify them to improve performance.
- Produce short reports on making suggestions and how to improve their products.
- Understand the life cycle analysis of products and how this influences the design and manufacture process.
- Understand the circular and linear economy in relation to product development and consumption.
- Evaluate and refine ideas against the specification, considering the views of intended users and other interested groups.

## Technical Knowledge:

- Develop a succinct understanding of the physical properties of materials and how this can influence material selection. (Including smart and modern materials)
- Understand how materials can be cast in moulds and the advantages/disadvantages of this.
- Demonstrate a deeper and succinct understanding of technical language.
- Use learning from mathematics and science to develop working prototypes.
- Understand the performance of structural elements to achieve functioning solutions.
- Understand how to set up different equipment and machinery.
- Apply computing and electronics to embed intelligence into products to respond to inputs.
- Understand a wider range of electronic components, inputs/outputs and feedback systems.

Year 7	Year 8	Year 9
Electronics and Computing:  - Use simple electronic circuits understanding inputs, outputs and circuit symbols.  - Introduction to basic electronic components and how electricity works.  - Understanding of how electronic systems work and are applied to products using snap circuits.  - Introduction of real life problems (domestic setting) that can be solved with Micro bit programming and specialist software. Research into existing products to broaden understanding.  - Careers: Electrician / Electrical Engineer / Games Designer.	Point of Purchase  Develop a detailed creative client brief based on an industrial context. (AO 3.3.3)  Broader understanding of the properties for paper and boards. Links to LEGO  Understanding of the industrial manufacturing methods (printing processes and die-cutting) Modifying surface finishes/ treatments. (AO3 3.3.11/3.2.8)  Application of some finishing processes for paper and board.  Use specialist tools and equipment using papers and boards to mark out, cut and shape. Including health and safety requirements. (AO 3.3.10)  Begin to identify and solve their own design problems.  Understanding of net construction and modification.  Produce creative design solutions using a variety of approaches and user centred design. AO2 3.3.3 / 3.3.4)  Careers: Illustrator / Branding and Marketing	Architecture  Recap of understanding of paper and boards focusing on their properties. Links to POP  Use 3D CAD to model and present design ideas using Google Sketch-up.  Deeper understanding of technical drawings — scale.Links to Lego (AO 3.2.8)  Art movements and work of others to inform creative design solutions. (AO2 3.3.3 / 3.3.4)  Interpreting working drawings and communication (AO2 3.3.5)  Work in a domestic/local context — based on home/ environmental focus.  Produce 3D mathematical modelling.  Implement ergonomics and anthropometrics. Links to POP  Introduction to alternative energies and sustainable materials (AO2 3.3.2)  Apply mastery skills using specialist tools and equipment to mark out, cut and shape. Including health and safety requirements. (Paper & Board) Link to POP  Use specialist tools and equipment using papers and boards. Links to POP (AO 3.3.10)  Evaluate and refine ideas against the specification, considering the views of intended users and other interested groups. (AO 3.3.6)  Careers: Architect / Structural Engineer/ Interior Architect
Lego:  - How to write a specification - Analyse and evaluate existing products to inform design ideas, including product disassembly Identifying and understanding user needs.	Deeper understanding of timbers. Links to	- Comprehensive understanding of timbers and manufactured boards. Links to M.Toy - Match and select appropriate materials based on their fitness for purpose Analysis of existing products – product disassembly. (AO1) Link to POP

- To work in an industrial context –
  manufacturing of new product range and
  industrial manufacturing processes.
- Use specialist tools and equipment to mark out, cut and shape. Including health and safety requirements. (Styrofoam)
- Apply joining techniques using adhesive for Styrofoam.
- Understand properties and classification of Styrofoam and some papers / board.
- Develop freehand communication techniques for design ideas.
- Modify surface finish by applying acrylic paint.
   (AO3 3.3.11)
- Understanding properties of Styrofoam.
- Evaluate their product against the design specification. (AO 3.3.6)
- Careers: Graphic Designer / Manufacturing
   Engineer / CAD/CAM Programmer

- Mechanical systems of gears and their movement. (AO 3.1.5)
- Test, evaluate and refine products against the design specification. (AO 3.3.6)
- Produce creative design solutions based on user centred design. AO2 3.3.3 / 3.3.4)
- Begin to identify and solve their own design problems through modelling and prototyping
- Develop skill using specialist tools and equipment to mark out, cut and shape.
   (Timber) Including health and safety requirements (AO 3.3.10) Link to Memphis
- Careers: Joinery / Carpentry

- Identify and solve their own design problems.
- Comprehensively undertake practical using specialist tools and equipment to mark out, cut and shape. Including health and safety requirements. (Timber)
- Generate design ideas using a variety of strategies: biomimicry and work of others. (AO2 3.3.3 / 3.3.4)
- Adapt methods of manufacture to changing circumstances.
- Production schedules and costing of materials and quantity. (AO 3.3.7) Link to Memphis / Speaker
- Mathematical calculation of material.
- Develop practical skills using electronics
- Careers: Furniture Designer

# Memphis:

- Apply mathematical modelling and apply tolerances.
- Classification of softwoods, hardwoods and manufactured boards.
- Understand the physical properties of materials.
- Understand how to set up machinery and equipment.
- Use specialist tools and equipment to mark out, cut and shape. Including health and safety requirements. (Timber)
- Apply joining techniques using joints and adhesive for timbers.
- Modify surface finish / finishing techniques by understanding and applying acrylic paint/ stains/ varnish and bees wax. (AO3 3.3.11)

## **Textiles:**

- Introduction to Textiles: natural and synthetic fibres. (AO. 3.2.4)
- Modify surface finish / finishing techniques in Textiles. (AO 3.2.5) (AO 3.2.9)
- Project focus on Primark and textile industry.
   Developing a design brief and specification.
- Product analysis of existing textile products using set criteria. ACCESS FM
- Apply joining and decoration techniques in textiles
- Introduction to specialist tool and equipment used in textiles. (AO 3.2.8)
- Environmental impacts of the Textile and Fashion industries. (AO 3.3.2)
- Health and Safety within Textiles.
- Careers: Fashion Designer/ Textile Designer

## **Textiles:**

- Focus on 'GAP' clothing brand from fashion/ industrial textiles.
- Develop understanding of a design brief and mind map exploration.
- Developing a range of design proposals for a textile outcome.
- Deeper understanding of specialist tool and equipment used in textiles. (AO 3.2.8)Link to Yr8
- Deeper understanding of how to modify surface finish / finishing techniques in Textiles. (AO 3.2.5) (AO 3.2.9) (Batik/ Embroidery/ Block Printing / Sublimation Printing) Link to Yr8
- Pattern cutting and tolerance.
- Evaluation of final product against design specification.
- Careers: Fashion Designer / Textile Designer

<ul> <li>Understand the basic principles of the Memphis movement to inform the design of their product.</li> </ul>	
Metal:  Introduction to material classification  Use specialist tools and equipment in using metal. (AO 3.3.10)  Understand the principles of casting.  Use 2D CAD to produce designs  Identify and solve their own design problems.  Implement appropriate H&S / risk assessment  Plastics:  Identify and solve own design problems.  Use specialist tools and equipment in using plastic. (AO 3.3.10)  Understand the classification of polymers.  Cultural Capital: Understand the impact of global warming and plastic pollution.  Evaluate their own environmental impact.  Identifying how some products have a positive and negative impact on the world.  Implement appropriate H&S / risk assessment  Careers: CAD Technician/ Product Designer and Model Maker.	Technical Drawing and CAD Project:  - Isometric drawing techniques (AO 3.3.5) - Crating and isometric circles - Introduction to exam drawing techniques - Rendering techniques on a 3D shape Orthographic projection - Deeper understanding of 2D Design CAD skills. Links to Year 7 Metal and Year 9 Architecture - BSI Dimensioning on technical drawings Theory on CAD/CAM/ JIT - Deeper understanding of papers and boards and their uses. (AO 3.1.6.1) Link to POP Project - Introduction to Tinker CAD 3D modelling Careers: Machine Operator / CNC Operator/Robotics Engineer